







### E48SC32005

1/8 Brick DC/DC Regulated Power Module 36~72V in, 32V/5A out, 160W

The Delphi series E48SC32005, eighth brick, 36~72V input, single output 32V, isolated DC/DC converter is the latest offering from a world leader in power system and technology and manufacturing — Delta Electronics, Inc. This product provides up to 160 watts of power at 36~72V input in an industry standard footprint and pin out. With creative design technology and optimization of component placement, these converters possess outstanding electrical and thermal performances, as well as extremely high reliability under highly stressful operating conditions. The E48SC32005 offers peak 95% high efficiency. It can be trimmed to a very wide range of output voltage. The minimum trim down output voltage is 16V of 50% of nominal output voltage. The E48SC32005 is fully protected from abnormal input/output voltage, current, and temperature conditions and meets 2250V isolation.

#### **FEATURES**

#### **Electrical**

- Peak Efficiency up to 95%
- Input range: 36~72Vdc
- Vout trim range 16V to 35V
- Output OVP, OCP
- Input UVP
- Over Temperature Protection
- Remote ON/OFF
- Pre-bias startup
- No minimum load required
- 2250Vdc isolation

#### Mechanical

Size:

Open frame:

58.4x22.8x10.5mm (2.30"x0.90"x0.41")

With heat-spreader:

58.4x22.8x12.7mm (2.30"x0.90"x0.50")

#### Safety& Reliability

- UL60950-1 Pending
- ISO 9001, TL 9000, ISO 14001, QS 9000,
- OHSAS18001 certified manufacturing facility

### **OPTIONS**

- Negative/Positive Remote on/off
- Optional PMbus Pins

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- · Optical Transport
- Data Networking
- Communications
- Servers



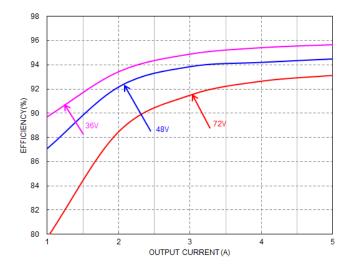
# **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

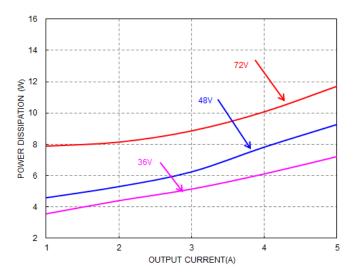
(T\_A=25°C, airflow rate=300 LFM,  $V_{in}$ =48Vdc, nominal  $V_{out}$  unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS		E48S0	C32005	
		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
BSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS					) / el e
nput Voltage Continuous		0		72	Vdc Vdc
Transient	100mS	U		80	Vdc
Operating Ambient Temperature (Ta)	Toome	-40		85	°C
Storage Temperature		-55		125	°C
nput/Output Isolation Voltage				2250	Vdc
IPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Operating Input Voltage		36	48	72	Vdc
Input Under-Voltage Lockout Turn-On Voltage Threshold		33		36	Vdc
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold		31		35	Vdc
Lockout Hysteresis Voltage		01	2	33	Vdc
Maximum Input Current	Full Load, 36V <sub>in</sub>		_	5	A
No-Load Input Current	V <sub>in</sub> =48V, I <sub>o</sub> =0A		100		mA
Off Converter Input Current	V <sub>in</sub> =48V		30		mΑ
nrush Current	With 100uF Aluminum Capacitor			1	A <sup>2</sup> S
nternal Input Ripple Current	V <sub>in</sub> =48V, I <sub>o</sub> =5A, P-P thru 12μH inductor		0.22		Arms
nput Voltage Rejection	At 120Hz		40		dB
UTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	Vin=48V, Io=Open Load, Tc=25°C	31.5	32	32.5	Vdc
output Regulation					
Load Regulation	V <sub>in</sub> =48V, I₀=I₀min to I₀max			+/-0.5	%Vo,s
Line Regulation	V <sub>in</sub> =36V to 72V, I <sub>o</sub> =0			+/-0.3	%Vo,s
Temperature Regulation	T <sub>a</sub> =-40°C to 85°C	0.4		+/-1	%Vo,s
Fotal Output Voltage Range Dutput Voltage Ripple and Noise	Over sample load, line and temperature 5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth	31		33	V
Peak-to-Peak	Full Load, Co=470uF, 1µF ceramic, 10µF tantalum		150		mV
RMS	Full Load, Co=470uF, 1µF ceramic, 10µF tantalum		50		mV
Operating Output Current Range	Tail Load, Go Trodi, Tpr Goranio, Topi tailtaidir	0	00	5	A
Output Over Current Protection(hiccup mode)	when V <sub>o</sub> <10%V <sub>o.nom</sub>	5.5		7.5	A
Output Over Voltage Protection(hiccup mode)			39		V
Output voltage trim range (note1)	Trim pin	16		35	V
WHAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
YNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS Output Voltage Current Transient	470μF Oscon & 1μF Ceramic load cap, 1A/μs				
Positive Step Change in Output Current	75% l <sub>o.max</sub> to 50% l <sub>o.max</sub>		400		mV
Negative Step Change in Output Current	50% I <sub>o.max</sub> to 75% I <sub>o.max</sub>		400		mV
Settling Time (within 1% nominalVout)			500		μs
Гurn-On Delay Time					
Start-Up Delay Time From Input Voltage	On/Off=On, from V <sub>in</sub> =Turn-on Threshold to V <sub>o</sub> =10% V <sub>o,nom</sub>		20		mS
Start-Up Delay Time From On/Off Control	V <sub>in</sub> =V <sub>in,nom</sub> , from On/Off=On to V <sub>o</sub> =10% V <sub>o,nom</sub>		20		mS
Output Voltage Rise Time Maximum Output Capacitance	V <sub>o</sub> =10% to 90% V <sub>o,nom</sub> 50% ceramic, 50% Oscon or AL		70	1500	mS μF
Maximum Output Capacitance	30 /6 Ceramic, 30 /6 Oscon of AL			1300	μι
FFICIENCY					
100% Load	Vin=48V, Io=Full Load, Tc=25°C		94.5		%
50% Load	Vin=48V, Io=Half Load, Tc=25°C		94.0		%
OLATION CHARACTERISTICS					
nput to Output			_	2250	Vdc
solation Capacitance			1		nF
EATURE CHARACTERISTICS					
Switching Frequency			170		KHz
				0.8	V
Logic Low (Module On)	Von/off				
Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off)	Von/off	2.4		10	V
Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Current	V <sub>on/off</sub> Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V	2.4	,		mA
Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off)	Von/off	2.4	1	10	MA mA
Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current	V <sub>on/off</sub> Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V	2.4	1	10	mA
Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current	V <sub>on/off</sub> Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V Logic High, Von/off=5V	2.4	10.7	10	mA mA
Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current ENERAL SPECIFICATIONS MTBF	Von/off Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V Logic High, Von/off=5V I <sub>o</sub> =80% of I <sub>o, max</sub> ; T <sub>a</sub> =25°C	2.4	10.7	10	mA mA Mhou
Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current  ENERAL SPECIFICATIONS  MTBF  Weight	Von/off Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V Logic High, Von/off=5V  Io=80% of Io, max; Ta=25°C Open frame	2.4	10.7 29.8	10	mA mA Mhou gram
Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current  ENERAL SPECIFICATIONS  MTBF  Weight Weight	Von/off Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V Logic High, Von/off=5V  Io=80% of Io, max; Ta=25°C Open frame With heat-spreader	2.4	10.7 29.8 39.6	10	Mhou gram
Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current  ENERAL SPECIFICATIONS  MTBF  Weight	Von/off Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V Logic High, Von/off=5V  Io=80% of Io, max; Ta=25°C Open frame With heat-spreader Refer to Figure 16 for Hot spot 1 location	2.4	10.7 29.8	10	mA mA Mhou gram
Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current  ENERAL SPECIFICATIONS  MTBF  Weight Weight Over-Temperature Shutdown ( Open frame )(note2)	Von/off Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V Logic High, Von/off=5V  Io=80% of Io, max; Ta=25°C Open frame With heat-spreader Refer to Figure 16 for Hot spot 1 location (48Vin,80% Io, 200LFM,Airflow from Vin+ to Vin-)	2.4	10.7 29.8 39.6 133	10	Mhou gram gram
Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current  ENERAL SPECIFICATIONS  MTBF  Weight Weight	Von/off Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V Logic High, Von/off=5V  Io=80% of Io, max; Ta=25°C Open frame With heat-spreader Refer to Figure 16 for Hot spot 1 location	2.4	10.7 29.8 39.6	10	Mhou gram
Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current  ENERAL SPECIFICATIONS  MTBF  Weight Weight Over-Temperature Shutdown ( Open frame )(note2)	Von/off Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V Logic High, Von/off=5V  Io=80% of Io, max; Ta=25°C Open frame With heat-spreader Refer to Figure 16 for Hot spot 1 location (48Vin,80% Io, 200LFM,Airflow from Vin+ to Vin-) Refer to Figure 18 for Hot spot 2 location	2.4	10.7 29.8 39.6 133	10	Mhou gram gram



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES**







# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES**

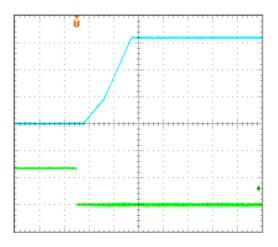


Figure 3: Remote On/Off(negative logic) at full load

Vin=48V, I<sub>out</sub> =10A Time: 40ms/div. V<sub>out</sub>(top trace): 10V/div;

Vremote On/Off signal (bottom trace): 5V/div.

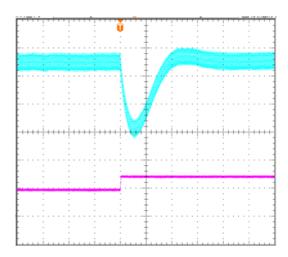


Figure 5: Transient Response

(Vin=48V, 1A/ $\mu$ s step change in load from 50% to 75% of  $I_{o, max}$ )  $V_{out}$  (top trace): 100mV/div, 400us/div;  $I_{out}$ (bottom trace): 2A/div.

Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module 500uF Oscon Cap and 50uF Ceramic Cap

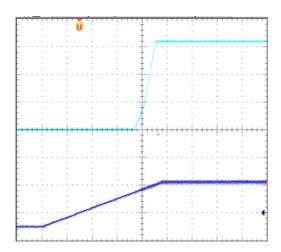


Figure 4: Input Voltage Start-up at full load

Vin=48V, I<sub>out</sub> =10A Time: 100ms/div. V<sub>out</sub>(top trace): 10V/div; V<sub>in</sub>(bottom trace): 30V/div.

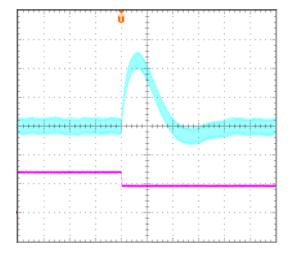


Figure 6: Transient Response

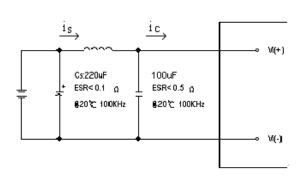
(Vin=48V, 1A/ $\mu$ s step change in load from 75% to 50% of I<sub>o, max</sub>) V<sub>out</sub> (top trace):100mV/div, 400us/div;

l<sub>out</sub>(bottom trace): 2A/div.

Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module 500uF Oscon cap and 50uF Ceramic Cap



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES**



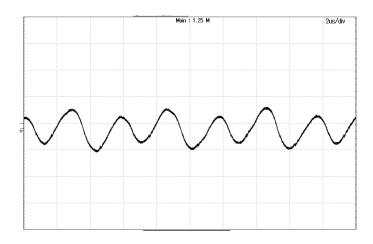
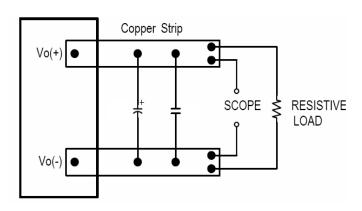
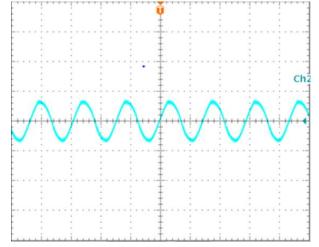


Figure 7: Test Setup Diagram for Input Ripple Current Note: Measured input reflected-ripple current with a simulated source Inductance of 12µH. Measure current as shown above.

**Figure 8: Input Terminal Ripple Current,** ic, at max output current and nominal input voltage with 12µH source impedance and 100µF electrolytic capacitor (500 mA/div, 2us/div).







**Figure 10: Output Voltage Ripple and Noise** at nominal input voltage and max load current (20 mV/div, 2us/div) Load cap: 500uF Oscon cap.

Bandwidth: 20MHz.



### Input Source Impedance

The impedance of the input source connecting to the DC/DC power modules will interact with the modules and affect the stability. A low ac-impedance input source is recommended. A low ESR electrolytic capacitor higher than 100µF (ESR <  $0.7\Omega$  at 100kHz) is suggested.

## Layout and EMC Considerations

Delta's DC/DC power modules are designed to operate in a wide variety of systems and applications. For design assistance with EMC compliance and related PWB layout issues, please contact Delta's technical support team..

#### **Schematic and Components List**

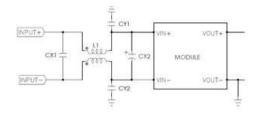
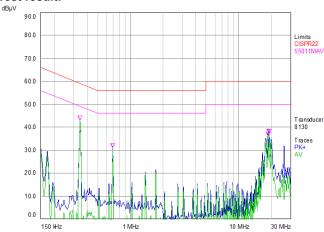


Figure 11: Recommended Input Filter

#### Test result:



### Safety Considerations

The power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-user's safety agency standard, i.e. UL 60950-1, 2nd Edition, 2014-10-14, CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, 2nd Edition, 2014-10, IEC 60950-1: 2005 + A1: 2009 + A2: 2013 and EN 60950-1: 2006 + A11: 2009 + A1: 2010 + A12: 2011 + A2: 2013, if the system in which the power module is to be used must meet safety agency requirements.

#### DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

Basic insulation based on 72 Vdc input is provided between the input and output of the module for the purpose of applying insulation requirements when the input to this DC-to-DC converter is identified as TNV-2 or SELV. An additional evaluation is needed if the source is other than TNV-2 or SELV

When the input source is SELV circuit, the power module meets SELV (safety extra-low voltage) requirements. If the input source is a hazardous voltage which is greater than 60 Vdc and less than or equal to 72 Vdc, for the module's output to meet SELV requirements, all of the following must be met:

- The input source must be insulated from the ac mains by reinforced or double insulation.
- The input terminals of the module are not operator accessible.
- A SELV reliability test is conducted on the system where the module is used, in combination with the module, to ensure that under a single fault, hazardous voltage does not appear at the module's output.

When installed into a Class II equipment (without grounding), spacing consideration should be given to the end-use installation, as the spacing between the module and mounting surface have not been evaluated.

This module has basic insulation with 2250Vdc isolation.

This power module is not internally fused. To achieve optimum safety and system protection, an input line fuse is highly recommended. The safety agencies require a fast-acting fuse with 10A maximum rating to be installed in the ungrounded lead. A lower rated fuse can be used based on the maximum inrush transient energy and maximum input current.

#### Remote On/Off

The remote on/off feature on the module is negative logic. Negative logic turns the module on during a logic low and off during a logic high. Remote on/off can be controlled by an external switch between the on/off terminal and the Vi (-) terminal. The switch can be an open collector or open drain.

For negative logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please short the on/off pin to Vi (-).

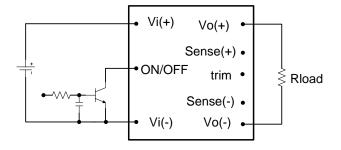


Figure 12: Remote On/Off Implementation



### THERTHERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### **Over-Current Protection**

The modules include an internal output over-current protection circuit, which will endure current limiting for an unlimited duration during output overload. If the output current exceeds the OCP set point, the modules will shut down (hiccup mode).

The modules will try to restart after shutdown. If the overload condition still exists, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the overload condition is corrected.

#### **Over-Voltage Protection**

The modules include an internal input over-voltage protection circuit, which monitors the voltage on the input terminals. If this voltage exceeds the over-voltage set point, the protection circuit will shut down, and then restart with a time delay after the fault no long exist.

## **Over-Temperature Protection**

The over-temperature protection consists of circuitry that provides protection from thermal damage. If the temperature exceeds the over-temperature threshold the module will shut down. The module will restart after the temperature is within specification.

#### Remote Sense

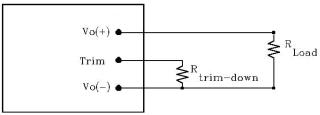
Remote sense minimizes the effects of distribution losses by regulating the voltage at the remote-sense connections . The SENSE(-) pin should be always connected to VO(-) pin. The voltage between the remote-sense pins and the output terminals must not exceed the output voltage sense range given in the Feature Specifications

$$VO(+)$$
 – SENSE(+)  $\leq 3.5 \text{ V}$   
SENSE(-) –  $VO(-) \leq 0.2 \text{ V}$ 

The output voltage can also be increased by the trim, the maximum increase for the output voltage is the sum of both. The amount of power delivered by the module is defined as the voltage at the output terminals multiplied by the output current. When using remote sense and trim, the output voltage of the module can be increased, which at the same output current, would increase the power output of the module. Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power (Maximum rated power = Vo,set x lo,max)

## Output Voltage Adjustment (Analog TRIM)

To increase or decrease the output voltage set point, connect an external resistor between the TRIM pin and either the Vo(+) or Vo(-). The TRIM pin should be left open if this feature is not used.



13: Circuit configuration for trim-down Figure (decrease output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and Vo (-) pins, the output voltage set point decreases (Fig. 18). The external resistor value required to obtain a percentage of output voltage change  $\wedge$ % is defined as:

$$Rtrim\_down = \left[\frac{511}{\Delta} - 10.2\right](K\Omega)$$

Ex. When Trim-down -10% (32V×0.9=28.8V)

$$Rtrim\_down = \left[\frac{511}{10} - 10.22\right](K\Omega) = 40.88(K\Omega)$$

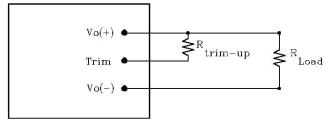


Figure 14: Circuit configuration for trim-up (increase output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and Vo (+) the output voltage set point increases (Fig.19) The external resistor value required to obtain a percentage output voltage change  $\triangle$ % is defined as:

Rtrim\_up = 
$$\frac{5.11\text{Vo} (100 + \Delta)}{1.225 \Delta} - \frac{511}{\Delta} - 10.2(K\Omega)$$
  
Ex. When Trim-up +5% (32V×1.05=33.6V)

$$Rtrim\_up = \frac{5.11 \times 32 \times (100 + 5)}{1.225 \times 5} - \frac{511}{5} - 10.22 = 2690 (K\Omega)$$



## THERTHERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

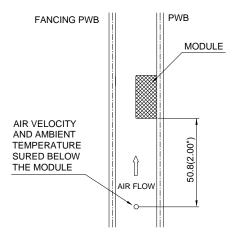
## **Thermal Testing Setup**

Thermal management is an important part of the system design. To ensure proper, reliable operation, sufficient cooling of the power module is needed over the entire temperature range of the module. Convection cooling is usually the dominant mode of heat transfer.

Hence, the choice of equipment to characterize the thermal performance of the power module is a wind tunnel.

Delta's DC/DC power modules are characterized in heated vertical wind tunnels that simulate the thermal environments encountered in most electronics equipment. This type of equipment commonly uses vertically mounted circuit cards in cabinet racks in which the power modules are mounted.

The following figure shows the wind tunnel characterization setup. The power module is mounted on a 185mmX185mm, 105µm (3Oz),6 layers test PWB and is vertically positioned within the wind tunnel. The space between the neighboring PWB and the top of the power module is constantly kept at 6.35mm (0.25").



Note: Wind Tunnel Test Setup Figure Dimensions are in millimeters and (Ir

**Figure 15: Wind Tunnel Test Setup** 

#### Thermal De-rating

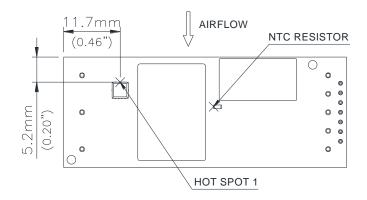
Heat can be removed by increasing airflow over the module. To enhance system reliability, the power module should always be operated below the maximum operating temperature. If the temperature exceeds the maximum module temperature, reliability of the unit may be affected.



## THERTHERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Thermal Curves (open frame)

# Thermal Curves (with heat spreader)



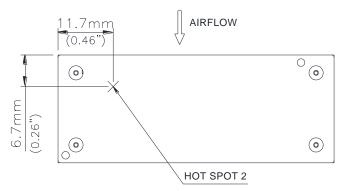


Figure 16: Hot spot 1 temperature measurement location

The allowed maximum hot spot 1 temperature is defined at 123  $\mathcal{C}$ .

E48SC32005(Standard) Output Current vs. Ambient Temperature and Air Velocity

@ Vin = 48V (Transverse Orientation) Output Current (A) 4.5 Natural Convection 4.0 100LFM 3.0 200LFM 2.5 1.5 1.0

Figure 17: Output Current vs. Ambient Temperature and Air Velocity @Vin = 48V (Transverse Orientation, Airflow from Vin+ to Vin-, Open Frame)

Figure 18: Hot spot 2 temperature measurement location The allowed maximum hot spot 1 temperature is defined at 112  $\mathcal{C}$ .

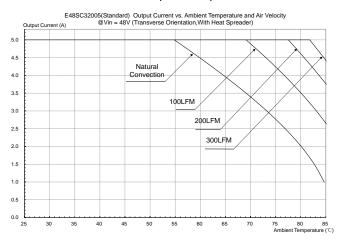


Figure 19: Output Current vs. Ambient Temperature and Air Velocity @Vin = 48V (Transverse Orientation, Airflow from Vin+ to Vin-, With Heat Spreader)



### **Digital Feature Descriptions**

The module has a digital PMBus interface to allow the module to be monitored, controlled and configured by the system. The module supports 4 PMBus signal lines, Data, Clock, SMBALERT (optional), Control (C2 pin, optional), and 2 Address line Addr0 and Addr1. More detail PMBus information can be found in the PMB Power Management Protocol Specification, Part I and part II, revision 2.2; which is shown in http://pmbus.org. Both 100kHz and 400kHz bus speeds are supported by the module. Connection for the PMBus interface should be following the High Power DC specifications given in section 3.1.3 in the SMBus specification V2.0 or the Low Power DC specifications in section 3.1.2. The complete SMBus specification is shown in http://smbus.org.

The module supports the Packet Error Checking (PEC) protocol. It can check the PEC byte provided by the PMBus master, and include a PEC byte in all message responses to the master. And the module also can communicate with the master that does not implement the PEC mechanism.

SMBALERT protocol is also supported by the module. SMBALERT line is also a wired-AND signal; by which the module can alert the PMBUS master via pulling the SMBALERT pin to an active low. There are only one way that the master and the module response to the alert of SMBALERT line.

This way is for the module used in a system that does not support Alert Response Address (ARA). The module is to retain it's resistor programmed address, when it is in an ALERT active condition. The master will communicate with the slave module using the programmed address, and using the various READ\_STATUS commands to find who cause for the SMBALERT. The CLEAR\_FAULTS command will clear the SMBALERT.

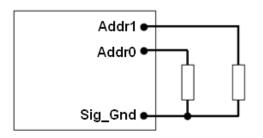


The module contains a data flash used to store configuration settings, which will not be programmed into the device data flash automatically. The STORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL command must be used to commit the current settings are transfer from RAM to data flash as device defaults.

#### PMBUS Addressing

The Module has flexible PMBUS addressing capability. When connect different resistor from Addr0 and Addr1 pin to GND pin, 64 possible addresses can be acquired. The address is in the form of octal digits; Each pin offer one octal digit, and then combine together to form the decimal address as shown in below.

Address = 8 \* ADDR1 + ADDR0



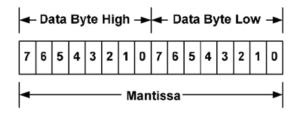
Corresponded to each octal digit, the requested resistor values are shown in below, and +/-1% resistors accuracy can be accepted. If there is any resistances exceeding the requested range, address 127 will be return. 0-12 and 40, 44, 45, and 55 in decimal address can't be used, since they are reserved according to the SMBus specifications, and which will also return address 127.

Octal digit	Resistor(Kohm)
0	10
1	15.4
2	23.7
3	36.5
4	54.9
5	84.5
6	130
7	200

#### **PMBus Data Format**

The module receives and report date in LINEAR format. The Exponent of the data words is fixed at a reasonable value for the command; altering the exponent is not supported. DIRECT format is not supported by the module.

For commands that set or report any voltage thresholds related to the output voltage, the module supports the linear data format consisting of a two byte value with a 16-bit, unsigned mantissa, and a fixed exponent of -9. The format of the two data bytes is shown below:



The equation can be written as:

Vout = Mantissa x 2<sup>(-9)</sup>

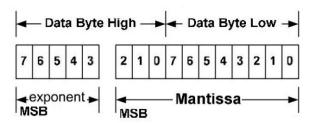
For example, considering set Vout to 32V by VOUT\_COMMAND, the read/write data can be calculated refer to below process:

Mantissa =Vout/2<sup>(-9)</sup>= 32/2<sup>(-9)</sup>=16384;

Converter the calculated Mantissa to hexadecimal 0x4000.



For commands that set or report all other thresholds, including input voltages, output current, temperature, time and frequency, the supported linear data format is a two byte value with: an 11 bit, two's complement mantissa, and a 5 bit, two's complement exponent (scaling factor). The format of the two data bytes is shown as in below.



The equation can be written as:

Value = Mantissa x 2<sup>(exponent)</sup>

For example, considering set the turn on threshold of input under voltage lockout to 34V by VIN\_ON command; the read/write data can be calculated refer to below process: Get the exponent of Vin, -3; whose binary is 11101 Mantissa =Vin/2<sup>(-3)</sup>=34/2<sup>(-3)</sup>=272;

Converter the calculated Mantissa to hexadecimal 110, then converter to binary 00100010000; Combine the exponent and the mantissa, 11101 and 00100010000; Converter binary 1110100100010000 to hexadecimal E910.



# **Supported PMBus Commands**

The main PMBus commands described in the PMBus 2.0 specification are supported by the module. Partial PMBus commands are fully supported; Partial PMBus commands have difference with the definition in PMBus 2.0 specification. All the supported PMBus commands are detail summarized in below table

Command	Command Code	Command description	Transf -er type	Compatible with standard PMBUS or not?	Data Format	Default value	Range limit	Data units	Expon -ent	Note
OPERATION	0x01	Turn the module on or off by PMBUS command	R/W byte	Refer to below description;	Bit field	0x80	/	/	/	/
ON_OFF_CONFIG	0x02	Configures the combination of primary on/off pin and PMBUS command	R/W byte	Not support turn off delay and fall time setup	Bit field	0x1D	/	/	/	0x1D (Neg Logic); 0x1F (Pos Logic);
CLEAR_FAULTS	0x03	Clear any fault bits that have been set	Send byte	Yes	/	/	/	/	/	1
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL	0x11	Stores operating parameters from RAM to data flash	Send byte	Yes	/	/	/	/	/	This command is effective to the parameter of all command in this table.
RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL	0x12	Restores operating parameters from data flash to RAM	Send byte	Yes	/	/	/	/	/	This command can't be issued when the power unit is running.
VOUT_MODE	0x20	Read Vo data format	Read byte	Yes	mode+exp	0x17	/	/	/	/
VOUT_COMMAND	0x21	Set the output voltage normal value	R/W word	Yes	Vout Linear	32	16 ~35	Volts	-9	/
VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH	0x25	Set the output voltage margin high value	R/W word	Yes	Vout Linear	33.6	27 ~35	Volts	-9	/
VOUT_MARGIN_LOW	0x26	Set the output voltage margin low value	R/W word	Yes	Vout Linear	30.4	27 ~35	Volts	-9	1
FREQUENCY_SWITCH	0x33	Set the switching frequency	Read word	Yes	Frequency linear	170	140 ~ 180	KHz	-2	Write command need module off condition
VIN_ON	0x35	Set the turn on voltage threshold of Vin under voltage lockout	R/W word	Yes	Vin Linear	35	33~36	V	-3	VIN_ON should be higher than VIN_OFF
VIN_OFF	0x36	Set the turn off voltage threshold of Vin under voltage lockout	R/W word	Yes	Vin Linear	33	32~35	٧	-3	VIN_ON should be higher than VIN_OFF
VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	0x40	Set the output overvoltage fault threshold.	R/W word	Yes	Vout Linear	39	36~40	٧	-9	Must be higher than the value of VOUT_COMMAND and VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT;
VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE	0x41	Instructs what action to take in response to an output overvoltage fault.	Read byte	Refer to below description;	Bit field	0xB8	/	N/A	/	Default Hiccup mode
VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT	0x42	Set a threshold causing an output voltage high warning.	R/W word	Yes	Vout Linear	38	36~40	V	-9	Must be the same or less than VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT value
IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT	0x46	Set the output overcurrent fault threshold.	R/W word	Yes	lout Linear	6.5	5.5~7.5	Α	-4	Must be greater than IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT value
IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE	0x47	Instructs what action to take in response to an output overcurrent fault.	Read byte	Refer to below description;	Bit field	0xF8	/	N/A	/	Default Hiccup mode
IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT	0x4A	Set a threshold causing an output current high warning.	R/W word	Yes	lout Linear	6	5.5~7.5	А	-4	Must be less than IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT value



		1	l	Compatible		I	1		l	
Command	Command Code	Command description	Transf -er type	with standard PMBUS or not?	Data Format	Default value	Range limit	Dat a unit s	Expon -ent	Note
OT_FAULT_LIMIT	0x4F	Set the over temperature fault threshold.	R/W word	Yes	TEMP Linear	125	25~140	Deg .C	-2	Must be greater than OT_WARN_LIMIT value
OT_FAULT_RESPO NSE	0x50	Instructs what action to take in response to an over temperature fault.	Read byte	Refer to below description;	Bit field	0xB8	/	N/A	/	Default Hiccup mode
OT_WARN_LIMIT	0x51	Set a threshold causing a temperature high warning.	R/W word	Yes	TEMP Linear	100	25~140	Deg .C	-2	Must be less than OT_FAULT_LIMIT value
VIN_OV_FAULT_LIM IT	0x55	Set the input overvoltage fault threshold.	R/W word	Yes	Vin Linear	80	48~80	٧	-3	Endure Transient (100V/100ms)
VIN_OV_FAULT_RE SPONSE	0x56	Instructs what action to take in response to an input overvoltage fault.	Read byte	Refer to below description;	Bit field	0XF8	/	N/A	/	Default Hiccup mode
POWER_GOOD_ON	0x5E	Sets the output voltage at which the bit 3 of STATUS_WORD high byte should be asserted.	R/W word	Yes	Vout Linear	28	16 ~35	V	-9	Must be greater than POWER_GOOD_OFF value
POWER_GOOD_OF	0x5F	Sets the output voltage at which the bit 3 of STATUS_WORD high byte should be negated.	R/W word	Yes	Vout Linear	24	16 ~33	V	-9	Must be less than POWER_GOOD_ON value
STATUS_WORD	0x79	Returns the information with a summary of the module's fault/warning	Read word	Refer to below description;	Bit field	/	/	/	/	/
STATUS_VOUT	0x7A	Returns the information of the module's output voltage related fault/warning	R/W byte	Refer to below description;	Bit field	/	/	/	/	/
STATUS_IOUT	0x7B	Returns the information of the module's output current related fault/warning	R/W byte	Refer to below description;	Bit field	/	/	/	/	/
STATUS_INPUT	0x7C	Returns the information of the module's input over voltage and under voltage fault	R/W byte	Refer to below description;	Bit field	/	/	/	/	/
STATUS_TEMPERA TURE	0x7D	Returns the information of the module's temperature related fault/warning	R/W byte	Refer to below description;	Bit field	/	/	/	/	/
STATUS_CML	0x7E	Returns the information of the module's communication related faults.	R/W byte	Refer to below description;	Bit field	/	/	/	/	/
READ_VIN	0x88	Returns the input voltage of the module	Read word	Yes	Vin Linear	/	/	٧	-3	1
READ_VOUT	0x8B	Returns the output voltage of the module	Read word	Yes	Vout Linear	/	/	V	-12	1
READ_IOUT	0x8C	Returns the output current of the module	Read word	Yes	lout Linear	/	/	Α	-4	1
READ_TEMPERATU RE_1	0x8D	Returns the module's hot spot temperature of the module	Read word	Yes	TEMP Linear	/	/	Deg .C	-2	/
PMBUS_REVISION	0x98	Reads the revision of the PMBus	Read byte	Yes	Bit field	0x22	/	/	/	1
MFR_C1_C2_ARA_C ONFIG	0xE0	Config C2 pin function	R/W byte	Refer to below description;	Bit field	0x00	/	/	/	/
MFR_ C2_ Configure	0xE1	Config C2 pin logic	R/W byte	Refer to below description;	Bit field	0x00	/	/	/	1
MFR_PGOOD _POLARITY	0xE2	Config Power Good logic	R/W byte	Refer to below description;	Bit field	0x01	/	/	/	/
MFR_SERIAL	0x9E	Reads the SN of module	Read block	/	Total 11 ASCII charact ers	'XXXXXX XXXXX'	1	/	/	The SN number of module use 11 ASCII characters



**OPERATION [0x01]** 

Bit number	Purpose	Bit Value	Meaning	Default Settings, 0x80
7:	Enable/Disable the module	1	Output is enabled	1
		0	Output is disabled	
6:	Reserved			0
5:4	Margins	00	No margin	00
		01	Margin low(Act on Fault)	
		10	Margin high(Act on Fault)	
3:0	Reserved			0000

VOUT\_OV\_FAULT\_RESPONSE [0x41]

Bit number	Purpose	Bit Value	Meaning	Default Settings, 0xB8
7:6	Response settings	10	Unit shuts down and responds according to the retry settings	10
5:3	Retry setting	111	Unit continuously restarts while fault is present until commanded off	111
		000	Unit does not attempt to restart on fault	
2:0	Delay time setting	000	No delay supported	000

**IOUT OC FAULT RESPONSE [0x47]** 

Bit number	Purpose	Bit Value	Meaning	Default Settings, 0xF8
7:6	Response settings	11	Unit shuts down and responds according to the retry settings	11,
5:3	Retry settings	111	Unit continuously restarts while fault is present until commanded off	111
		000	Unit does not attempt to restart on fault	
2:0	Delay time setting	000	No delay supported 00	

OT FAULT RESPONSE [0x50]

Bit number	Burnoco	Bit Value	Meaning	Defau	lt
bit number	Purpose	Dit value	wearing	Settings,	0x80
7:6	Response settings	10	Unit shuts down and responds according to the retry settings	10,	
5:3	Retry settings	111	Unit continuously restarts while fault is present until commanded off		
		000	Unit does not attempt to restart on fault		
2:0	Delay time setting	000	No delay supported	000	



VIN\_OV\_FAULT\_RESPONSE [0x56]

Bit number	Purpose	Bit Value	Meaning	Default Settings, 0XF8
7:6	Response settings	11	Unit shuts down and responds according to the retry settings	11
5:3	Retry setting	111	Unit continuously restarts while fault is present until commanded off	111
		000	Unit does not attempt to restart on fault	
2:0	Delay time setting	000	No delay supported	000

# STATUS\_WORD [0x79]

# High byte

Bit number	Purpose	Bit Value	Meaning
7	An output over voltage fault or warning	1	Occurred
		0	No Occurred
6	An output over current fault or warning	1	Occurred
		0	No Occurred
5	An input voltage fault, including over voltage and	1	Occurred
	undervoltage	0	No Occurred
4	Reserved		
3	Power_Good	1	is negated
		0	ok
2:0	Reserved		

## Low byte

Bit number	Purpose	Bit Value	Meaning
7	Reserved		
6	OFF (The unit is not providing power to the output,	1	Occurred
	regardless of the reason)	0	No Occurred
5	An output over voltage fault	1	Occurred
		0	No Occurred
4	An output over current fault	1	Occurred
		0	No Occurred
3	An input under voltage fault	1	Occurred
		0	No Occurred
2	A temperature fault or warning	1	Occurred
		0	No Occurred
1	CML (A communications, memory or logic fault)	1	Occurred;
		0	No Occurred
0	Reserved		



STATUS\_VOUT [0x7A]

Bit number	Purpose	Bit Value	Meaning
7	Output over voltage fault	1	Occurred;
		0	No Occurred
6	Output over voltage warning	1	Occurred;
		0	No Occurred
5:0	Reserved		

STATUS\_IOUT [0x7B]

Bit number	Purpose	Bit Value	Meaning
7	Output over current fault	1	Occurred;
		0	No Occurred
6	Reserved		
5	Output over current warning	1	Occurred;
		0	No Occurred
4:0	Reserved		

STATUS INPUT [0x7C]

Bit number	Purpose Bit Value		Meaning
7	Input over voltage fault	1	Occurred;
		0	No Occurred
6: 5	Reserved		
4	Input under voltage fault	1	Occurred;
		0	No Occurred
3:0	Reserved		

STATUS TEMPERATURE [0x7D]

Bit number	Purpose	Bit Value	Meaning
7	Over temperature fault	1	Occurred;
		0	No Occurred
6	Over temperature warning	1	Occurred;
		0	No Occurred
5:0	Reserved		

STATUS CML [0x7E]

Bit number	Purpose	Bit Value	Meaning
7	Invalid/Unsupported Command Received	1	Occurred;
		0	No Occurred
6	Invalid/Unsupported Data Received	1	Occurred;
		0	No Occurred
5	Packet Error Check Failed	1	Occurred;
		0	No Occurred
4:0	Reserved		



MFR\_C1\_C2\_ARA\_CONFIG [0xE0]

Bit number	Purpose	Bit Value	Meaning
7:5	Reserved	000	Reserved
4	ARA	0	ARA not functional, module remains at resistor programmed address when SMBLAERT is asserted
3:0	PIN Configuration	0000	C2 pin: POWER_GOOD
		0010	C2 pin: ON/OFF (Secondary)

MFR C2 Configure [0xE1]

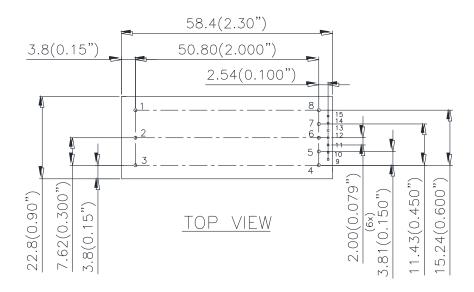
Bit number	Purpose	Bit Value	Meaning
7:2	Reserved	000000	Reserved
1	ON/OFF Configuration	0	Secondary side on/off pin state when mapped to C2 is ignored
		1	AND – Primary and Secondary side on/off
0	Secondary Side ON/OFF Logic	0	Negative Logic (Low Enable: Input < 0.8V wrt Vout(-)
		1	Positive Logic (High Enable: Input > 2.0V wrt Vout(-)

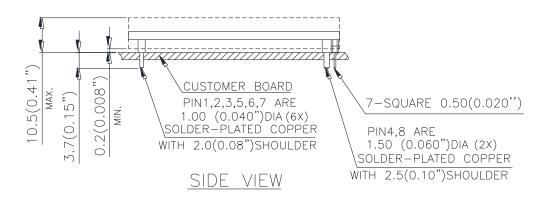
MFR PGOOD POLARITY [0xE2]

Bit number	Purpose	Bit Value	Meaning
7:1	Reserved	0000000	Reserved
0	Power Good Logic	0	Negative PGOOD logic
		1	Positive PGOOD logic



## Mechanical Drawing (Open frame)





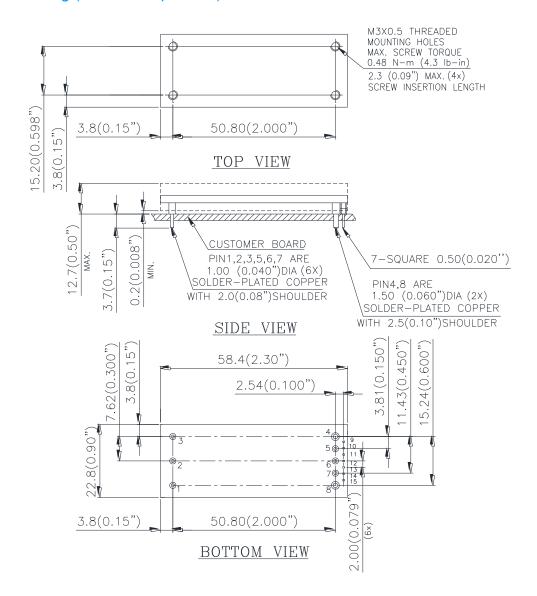
Pin#	Function	D_pin	Pin#	Function	D_pin
1	VIN(+)	Ø1.00	9	C2	SQ0.5
2	ON/OFF	Ø1.00	10	SIG_GND	SQ0.5
3	VIN(-)	Ø1.00	11	DATA	SQ0.5
4	VOUT(-)	ø1.50	12	SMBALERT	SQ0.5
5	SENSE(-)	Ø1.00	13	CLK	SQ0.5
6	TRIM	Ø1.00	14	ADDR1	SQ0.5
7	SENSE(+)	Ø1.00	15	ADDR0	SQ0.5
8	VOUT(+)	ø1.50			

#### NOTES:

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES) TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.) X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)



### Mechanical Drawing (With heat-spreader)



Pin#	Function	D_pin	Pin#	Function	D_pin
1	VIN(+)	Ø1.00	9	C2	SQ0.5
2	ON/OFF	Ø1.00	10	SIG_GND	SQ0.5
3	VIN(-)	Ø1.00	11	DATA	SQ0.5
4	VOUT(-)	ø1.50	12	SMBALERT	SQ0.5
5	SENSE(-)	ø1.00	13	CLK	SQ0.5
6	TRIM	Ø1.00	14	ADDR1	SQ0.5
7	SENSE(+)	Ø1.00	15	ADDRO	SQ0.5
8	VOUT(+)	ø1.50			

#### NOTES:

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES) TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.) X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

#### Pin Specification:

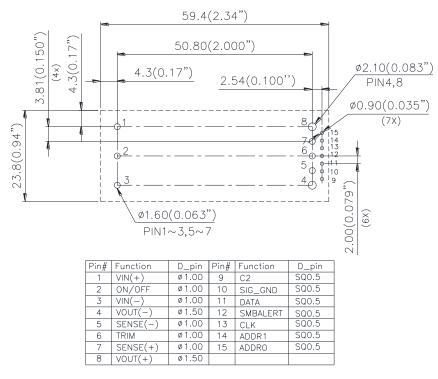
Pins 1,2,3,5,6,7 Pins 4,8 Pins 9-15

1.00mm (0.040") diameter; copper with matte Tin plating and Nickel under plating 1.50mm (0.060") diameter; copper with matte Tin plating and Nickel under plating SQ 0.50mm(0.020") ( All pins are copper with gold flash plating)



### Recommended Pad Layout

#### RECOMMENDED P.W.B. PAD LAYOUT



NOTES:

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES) TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.) X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

For modules with through-hole pins and the optional heatspreader, they are intended for wave soldering assembly onto system boards; please do not subject such modules through reflow temperature profile.



PART NUMBERING SYSTEM									
E	48	S	С	320	05	N	R	A *note	Н
Type of Product	Input Voltage	Number of Outputs	Product Series	Output Voltage	Output Current	ON/OFF Logic	Pin Length /Type	Pin Assignment	Option Code
E - Eighth Brick	48 - 36~72V	S - Single	C - Series number	320 - 32V	05 - 5A	P - Positive N - Negative	C - 0.180" R - 0.170" N - 0.145" K - 0.110"	A - Analog pins D - Digital pins	A - Open frame Version H - heat-spreader Version

Note for mechanical pins option:

- 1. A Analog pins\*: without digital pins
- 2. D Digital pins\*: with digital pins(9pin~15pin) and PMBus commutation.

RECOMMENDED PART NUMBER								
Model Name	Inp	out	Out	tput	Peak Eff.			
E48SC32005NRAH	36V~72V 5A		32V	5A	95%			

Please contact with Delta sales/FAE for different optional functions.

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#### WARRANTY

Delta offers a two (2) year limited warranty. Complete warranty information is listed on our web site or is available upon request from Delta.

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